Gendered remittance practices and their implications for translocal social resilience: A case study on internal migration in Thailand
Structure

- Context
- Objective & Focus
- Conceptual approach, Study sites & Methods
- Results
- Conclusion & Implications
Context

- Links between migration, remittances and adaptation to climate change
- Focus usually on international migration
- Resource-dependence
- Gendered levels of vulnerability

⇒ Lack of research on the role of gender in using migration as a strategy to adapt to climate change
Objective and Focus

Influence of gender roles and relations on the transfer and usage of remittances

Implications for translocal resilience
Conceptual approach

- Theory of Practice (Bourdieu)
- Translocality – translocal social resilience
- Multi-sited research
Study sites & Methods

1 - Ban Chai, Udon Thani
2 - Nam Kum, Pisanulok
3 - Bangkok Metropolitan Region
Results

Influence of (social and financial) remittances on households at place of origin

- Roles
- Activities and investments
- Asset endowment and capacities
Conclusion & Implications

- Gendered dimension of embeddedness, and (maintaining) connections
- Effects of gendered remittance patterns on social resilience
  - Diversification (small-scale agriculture and beyond)
  - Increase in production (subsistence and cash income)
  - Flexibility of HH budget – investment capacity
  - Social and cultural capital
  - Gradual increase in equality level (gender)
References


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